## Adult Learners with Dyslexia: some strategies to improve your reading experiences

- 1. If possible, try adjusting the format of the reading so that the words are in a larger font, spread out, and with fewer words per line. Try printing a two-column paper with one column per page.
- 2. If you cannot alter the formatting, try reading the article on a smaller device or zoomed-in such that fewer words are shown at any given time.
- 3. Try to increase the "white space" on the printed page. If possible, increase margin size, especially on the right hand side of the page (if the reader is right-handed). This will encourage note taking.
- 4. Use visual keys to represent certain information in the text. For example, draw a blue square next the line every time the key person/information is mentioned. Use different icons to represent each different aspect as well as simple margin notes. Create a key or legend to easily remember what each symbol/color represents.
- 5. Create titles for each paragraph or section after reading each paragraph in order to review what was mentioned in the previous paragraph as well as provide a useful header for when the reader is looking for specific information. Try and make the title a question that the paragraph below answers. Write titles on the top of the paragraph.
- 6. Read the abstract first if you are reading a scientific paper in order to get an idea for what the information provided in the article.
- 7. Number paragraphs to call out lists of important information.
- 8. If you need sound in the background listen to music in a foreign language.
- 9. Change up your study environment after a certain amount of time.

Sykes, Joy. (2008). *Dyslexia, Design and Reading* (Doctoral dissertation). (UMI No. [3305924])

http://pqdtopen.proquest.com/doc/304666033.html?FMT=AI